

Java Interview Questions And Answers For Freshers

Java Interview Questions and Answers for Freshers: A Complete Guide to Kickstart Your Career **java interview questions and answers for freshers** are often the gateway to landing your first job in software development or programming roles. Whether you've just completed your degree or are transitioning into the tech world, preparing for these interviews can feel overwhelming. However, with the right approach and understanding of core Java concepts, you can confidently navigate through technical rounds and demonstrate your potential to recruiters. In this article, we'll explore common Java interview questions for freshers, along with detailed answers, tips, and insights to help you stand out.

Why Are Java Interview Questions and Answers Important for Freshers?

Java remains one of the most popular programming languages globally, widely used in enterprises, Android development, and backend systems. For freshers, mastering Java basics not only helps in cracking interviews but also builds a strong foundation for real-world projects. Interviewers usually assess your grasp of object-oriented programming, data structures, syntax, and Java-specific features. Hence, being well-prepared with relevant Java interview questions and answers for freshers ensures you can showcase both your theoretical knowledge and practical skills.

Core Java Interview Questions and Answers for Freshers

Understanding the fundamental concepts of Java is crucial. Below are some commonly asked questions, along with explanations that will help clarify their significance.

1. What is Java? What are its main features?

Java is a high-level, object-oriented programming language developed by Sun Microsystems in 1995. It is designed to be platform-independent, meaning programs written in Java can run on any device equipped with the Java Virtual Machine (JVM). Key features include:

1. **Platform Independence:** Write once, run anywhere (WORA) capability.
2. **Object-Oriented:** Supports concepts like inheritance, polymorphism, encapsulation, and abstraction.
3. **Robustness:** Strong memory management and exception handling.
4. **Security:** Bytecode verification and secure class loading.
5. **Multithreading:** Supports concurrent programming.
6. **Automatic Garbage Collection:** Manages memory automatically.

Understanding these features is fundamental for any fresher preparing for Java interviews.

2. What is the difference between JDK, JRE, and JVM?

These three terms often confuse beginners, but they play distinct roles:

1. **JDK (Java Development Kit):** A full-featured kit containing tools for Java development, including the compiler (javac), debugger, and JRE.
2. **JRE (Java Runtime Environment):** Provides the libraries and JVM to run Java applications but does not

include development tools.

3. **JVM (Java Virtual Machine):** The engine that executes Java bytecode, providing platform independence.

Knowing this helps you explain how Java achieves its “write once, run anywhere” promise.

3. Explain the concept of Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) in Java.

Java is an object-oriented language, meaning it is based on objects and classes. The four pillars of OOP are:

1. **Encapsulation:** Wrapping data (variables) and code (methods) together in a class.
2. **Inheritance:** The mechanism where one class acquires the properties of another.
3. **Polymorphism:** Ability to take many forms, such as method overloading and overriding.
4. **Abstraction:** Hiding complex implementation details and showing only essential features.

Interviewers like to see if freshers can explain these basics clearly, often asking for examples.

Java Data Types and Control Flow Questions

Java’s strong typing and control structures are foundational topics. Here are some typical questions around these areas.

4. What are the different data types in Java?

Java has two main categories of data types:

1. **Primitive Data Types:** byte, short, int, long, float, double, char, boolean.
2. **Reference/Object Data Types:** Classes, interfaces, arrays, etc.

Each primitive type has a specific size and range, which you should be familiar with for accurate coding and memory management.

5. How does the “switch” statement work in Java?

The switch statement allows the variable to be tested for equality against a list of values. Each value is called a case, and the variable being switched is checked for each case. Example usage: `int day = 3; switch (day) { case 1: System.out.println("Monday"); break; case 2: System.out.println("Tuesday"); break; case 3: System.out.println("Wednesday"); break; default: System.out.println("Invalid day"); }` This control structure is preferred over multiple if-else conditions when checking against discrete values.

Common Java Interview Questions on Exception Handling and Multithreading

Freshers are also expected to understand error management and basic multithreading concepts.

6. What is exception handling in Java? How is it achieved?

Exception handling is a mechanism to handle runtime errors, allowing the normal flow of the program to continue. Java provides five keywords for exception handling:

1. **try:** Block where code that might throw an exception is placed.
2. **catch:** Block to handle the exception.

3. **finally:** Block that executes regardless of whether an exception is thrown or caught.
4. **throw:** Used to explicitly throw an exception.
5. **throws:** Declares exceptions a method might throw.

Example: `try { int division = 10 / 0; } catch (ArithmeticException e) { System.out.println("Cannot divide by zero"); } finally { System.out.println("Execution completed"); }` Understanding exception hierarchy and checked vs. unchecked exceptions can further impress interviewers.

7. What is multithreading in Java?

Multithreading is a Java feature that allows concurrent execution of two or more parts of a program for maximum utilization of CPU. Threads can be created by:

1. Extending the Thread class.
2. Implementing the Runnable interface.

Benefits include improved performance and better resource management. For freshers, explaining thread lifecycle and synchronization basics can boost your interview performance.

Object-Oriented Concepts and Practical Coding Questions

Interviewers often combine theoretical questions with coding exercises involving classes, methods, and Java's standard library.

8. What is the difference between method overloading and method overriding?

This distinction is fundamental in Java polymorphism.

1. **Method Overloading:** Same method name with different parameters within the same class.
2. **Method Overriding:** Subclass provides a specific implementation for a method already defined in its superclass.

Example of overloading: `void display(int a) { } void display(int a, int b) { }` Example of overriding: `class Animal { void sound() { System.out.println("Animal sound"); } } class Dog extends Animal { void sound() { System.out.println("Bark"); } }`

9. How do you create an object in Java?

Objects are instances of classes and can be created using the `new` keyword: `ClassName obj = new ClassName();` Example: `Car myCar = new Car();` This is essential when discussing how Java manages memory and object references.

Tips to Prepare Effectively for Java Interviews as a Fresher

Preparing for Java interview questions and answers for freshers involves more than memorizing concepts. Here are some practical tips:

1. **Understand Core Concepts:** Focus on OOP principles, Java syntax, and standard libraries.

2. **Practice Coding:** Use platforms like HackerRank or LeetCode to solve Java problems.
3. **Revise Common APIs:** Collections framework, String handling, and file I/O are frequently discussed.
4. **Mock Interviews:** Simulate real interview scenarios to build confidence and improve communication.
5. **Read Official Documentation:** Oracle's Java tutorials provide reliable explanations and examples.

By integrating these approaches, you can approach your Java interviews with greater clarity and confidence.

Understanding Java Collections and String Handling

Some of the frequently asked questions revolve around Java's powerful Collections framework and String class.

10. What is the Java Collections Framework?

The Collections Framework provides a set of interfaces and classes to store and manipulate groups of objects. Key interfaces include:

1. **List:** Ordered collection allowing duplicates (e.g., ArrayList, LinkedList).
2. **Set:** Collection that doesn't allow duplicates (e.g., HashSet, TreeSet).
3. **Map:** Collection of key-value pairs (e.g., HashMap, TreeMap).

Familiarity with these helps freshers solve data structure problems efficiently.

11. What are immutable strings in Java?

Strings in Java are immutable, meaning once created, their values cannot be changed. When you modify a string, a new object is created instead of altering the original. This immutability offers security, synchronization, and performance benefits. Example: `String s1 = "Hello"; String s2 = s1.concat(" World"); System.out.println(s1);` // Outputs: Hello `System.out.println(s2);` // Outputs: Hello World Understanding this concept often leads to discussions about String pooling and memory optimization.

Advanced but Essential Topics for Freshers

While freshers might not be expected to master advanced Java topics, having a basic awareness can set you apart.

12. What is the difference between Abstract Class and Interface?

Both are used to achieve abstraction but differ in various ways:

1. **Abstract Class:** Can have both abstract and concrete methods; supports constructors; a class can extend only one abstract class.
2. **Interface:** All methods are abstract (until Java 8 introduced default and static methods); no constructors; a class can implement multiple interfaces.

Knowing this helps when discussing design principles and code architecture during interviews.

13. Explain the concept of Garbage Collection in Java.

Garbage Collection (GC) is an automatic memory management process that removes unused objects to free up heap memory. Java's JVM handles this in the background, which helps prevent memory leaks and enhances performance. While you don't control GC directly, understanding its working and lifecycle phases is valuable.

Bringing It All Together

Preparing for java interview questions and answers for freshers is a blend of mastering concepts, practicing coding, and developing problem-solving skills. By focusing on object-oriented principles, data types, exception handling, multithreading, and collections, you'll be well-prepared for most entry-level Java interviews. Remember, interviewers appreciate clarity, logical thinking, and the ability to explain your code and reasoning effectively. Incorporating these insights into your preparation not only helps you answer questions but also builds confidence to tackle unexpected challenges. Keep coding, stay curious, and approach each interview as a learning opportunity on your journey to becoming a proficient Java developer.

Java Interview Questions and Answers for Freshers: The Ultimate 2025 Guide

Java remains one of the most dominant programming languages in enterprise development, Android apps, cloud infrastructure, and large-scale backend systems. For freshers entering the Java ecosystem, mastering interview questions—both technical and conceptual—is critical to securing roles in top organizations. This comprehensive guide delivers an exhaustive, SEO-optimized deep dive into Java interview questions, meticulously crafted to dominate search rankings and prepare candidates for real-world developer roles.

Introduction: Why Java Interview Questions Matter for Freshers

Java's longevity—spanning over three decades—means its core principles and interview expectations remain remarkably consistent, even as the ecosystem evolves. Employers assess freshers not just on syntax but on conceptual depth, problem-solving patterns, and understanding of runtime behavior. This article targets the full spectrum of Java interview questions, from foundational OOP concepts to modern frameworks and architectural patterns. Each answer is engineered to reflect search intent: clarity, precision, depth, and real-world relevance. Whether you're preparing for a first role or transitioning into Java, this guide serves as your definitive reference.

1. Core Java Fundamentals: The Bedrock of Any Java Interview

Java's enduring success rests on its robust object-oriented architecture, strong type system, and platform independence. Freshers must grasp these fundamentals to demonstrate technical maturity.

1.1 Object-Oriented Programming in Java: Classes, Objects, Inheritance, and Polymorphism

Java is an object-oriented language, and interviewers consistently probe OOP mastery. Candidates must explain inheritance hierarchies, method overriding, and the Liskov Substitution Principle (LSP). For example, interviewers often ask: *"Explain the difference between and relationships in Java."* The answer: " reflects inheritance, where a subclass extends a superclass (e.g.,), enabling polymorphism through method overriding. reflects composition, where an object contains another (e.g., a contains an object), promoting encapsulation and flexibility. Understanding these ensures maintainable, extensible code." Polymorphism, enabled by method overriding and dynamic method dispatch, allows objects to be treated uniformly while preserving behavior. Interviewers assess whether candidates understand runtime vs compile-time polymorphism, virtual methods, and the role of and .

1.2 Java Memory Model: Heap, Stack, GC,

Java Interview Questions and Answers for Freshers: A Comprehensive Guide **java interview questions and answers for freshers** remain a crucial gateway for aspiring developers entering the competitive software industry. As Java continues to hold its ground as one of the most widely used programming languages, especially in enterprise environments, understanding the typical questions posed during interviews is vital for fresh graduates. This article delves into the most commonly asked Java interview questions, providing detailed answers that help freshers prepare effectively. By exploring foundational concepts, practical coding scenarios, and Java's core features, candidates can gain confidence and improve their chances of success.

Understanding the Landscape of Java Interviews for Freshers

Java interviews for freshers often focus on assessing a candidate's grasp of object-oriented programming principles, syntax familiarity, and problem-solving skills. Recruiters expect candidates to demonstrate knowledge of Java basics alongside practical understanding of concepts such as inheritance, polymorphism, exception handling, and collections framework. Additionally, questions may touch upon Java's platform independence, JVM architecture, and memory management. The challenge for freshers lies in balancing theoretical knowledge with coding aptitude. Unlike senior-level interviews that emphasize design patterns and system architecture, fresher-level interviews prioritize clarity in fundamentals and the ability to write error-free code snippets. Therefore, revisiting core Java topics and practicing typical questions can provide a significant edge.

Key Java Interview Questions for Freshers

Below are some of the frequently encountered questions during Java interviews, accompanied by concise yet insightful answers:

1. What are the main features of Java?

Java is platform-independent, object-oriented, robust, secure, and supports multithreading. Its "Write Once, Run Anywhere" capability stems from the Java Virtual Machine (JVM), which abstracts underlying hardware differences.

2. Explain the concept of Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) in Java.

OOP in Java revolves around four pillars: encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism, and abstraction. These principles enable modular, reusable, and maintainable code structures.

3. What is the difference between JDK, JRE, and JVM?

The JDK (Java Development Kit) includes tools for developing Java programs, the JRE (Java Runtime Environment) provides libraries and JVM for running Java applications, while the JVM interprets bytecode and executes it on a machine.

4. How does Java achieve platform independence?

Java code is compiled into bytecode, which is executed by the JVM. Since JVMs are available for various platforms, the same bytecode can run unaltered across different systems.

5. What are the different access modifiers in Java?

Java supports public, private, protected, and default (package-private) access modifiers, controlling visibility and accessibility of classes, methods, and variables.

Delving Deeper into Java Concepts

Understanding Java's exception handling mechanism is often a key focus area. Freshers are frequently asked to explain the differences between checked and unchecked exceptions, along with how try-catch-finally blocks operate. For instance, checked exceptions must be either caught or declared in the method signature, whereas unchecked exceptions are runtime exceptions that do not require mandatory handling. Similarly, the Collections Framework is a popular topic. Interviewers may query the distinctions between List, Set, and Map interfaces, or the differences between ArrayList and LinkedList. Freshers should articulate that ArrayList offers fast random access but slower insertions/deletions, while LinkedList excels at frequent insertions due to its doubly linked node structure.

Practical Coding and Problem-Solving Questions

Beyond theoretical knowledge, many Java interviews for freshers incorporate coding challenges. These test problem-solving ability and command over syntax. Common tasks include:

1. Writing a program to reverse a string without using built-in functions.
2. Implementing a simple class demonstrating inheritance and method overriding.
3. Finding the factorial of a number using recursion.
4. Checking if a number is prime.
5. Demonstrating the use of ArrayList to store and iterate through elements.

Such assignments assess both logic and familiarity with Java language constructs. Freshers benefit from regularly practicing these patterns to build fluency.

The Role of Java 8 and Newer Features

An emerging trend in fresher interviews is the inclusion of questions around Java 8 features such as lambda expressions, functional interfaces, and streams. While not always mandatory, showcasing knowledge of these modern additions signals a willingness to adopt best practices and write concise, readable code. For example, understanding how to use streams for filtering collections or employing lambda expressions for event handling reflects an advanced level of proficiency.

Preparation Strategies for Java Interview Questions and Answers for Freshers

Successful preparation combines multiple approaches. First, revisiting fundamental concepts through textbooks or online tutorials lays the groundwork. Then, attempting sample interview questions under timed conditions simulates real scenarios. Leveraging coding platforms like HackerRank or LeetCode can sharpen algorithmic thinking and Java syntax skills. Networking and peer discussions also prove invaluable. Engaging with communities or study groups allows freshers to clarify doubts, exchange knowledge, and receive feedback on coding styles. Additionally, reviewing previous interview experiences shared by others helps identify patterns in question selection.

Common Pitfalls to Avoid

Freshers often make the mistake of rote memorization without understanding underlying principles, which can backfire during follow-up questions. Another common issue is neglecting to write clean, readable code during coding rounds—an aspect that interviewers evaluate closely. Moreover, some candidates overlook the importance of Java basics such as data types, control structures, and exception handling, focusing disproportionately on advanced topics. A balanced approach ensures preparedness across all levels.

Comparing Java Interview Trends Across Industries

Java's versatility means interview questions can vary depending on the sector. For example, banking and finance companies emphasize security features, multithreading, and memory management due to performance-critical applications. Conversely, startups might prioritize quick coding tests and knowledge of Java frameworks like Spring or Hibernate. Freshers aiming for specific domains should tailor their preparation accordingly, integrating domain-relevant questions and practical use cases into their study regimen. As the demand for Java developers remains strong globally, mastering these fundamental and intermediate topics can significantly boost a fresher's employability. By systematically covering java interview questions and answers for freshers, candidates equip themselves to face diverse interview panels with confidence and professionalism.

Not everyone sits down with a clear intention to learn. Sometimes reading starts simply because something catches attention. A title, a recommendation, or a moment of curiosity. The option to download [*Java Interview Questions And Answers For Freshers*](#) makes those moments easier to follow, turning small sparks of interest into meaningful engagement.

For many readers, the biggest difference lies in how natural the process feels. There is no ceremony involved. No special preparation. The book is there when it is needed, and just as easily set aside when attention shifts elsewhere. This freedom removes pressure and makes learning feel approachable.

People often underestimate how much pressure affects learning. When a book feels heavy, expensive, or difficult to access, hesitation appears. Downloadable access softens that barrier. Readers open the book without expectations, knowing they can pause, return, or stop at any time without consequence.

This relaxed approach often leads to deeper engagement. Without the need to rush, readers move at their own pace. They reread passages that resonate and skip sections that feel less relevant in the moment. Over time, understanding builds naturally through repetition and reflection.

Daily life rarely offers long stretches of uninterrupted focus. Instead, it provides fragments. A few quiet minutes, a short break, an unexpected pause. Downloading [*Java Interview Questions And Answers For Freshers*](#) allows these fragments to become useful. Each small interaction contributes to a growing familiarity with the material.

Portability strengthens this habit. When books travel easily, reading becomes spontaneous. A reader might open a chapter while waiting, return later at home, and revisit the same idea days afterward. The content stays consistent, even as context changes.

PDF format plays an important role here. Pages remain stable. Diagrams stay aligned. Paragraphs appear exactly where expected. This consistency allows readers to focus on meaning rather than format, especially when dealing with detailed or structured material.

Interaction adds another layer. Highlighting lines that stand out, adding brief notes, or placing bookmarks creates a sense of ownership. The book slowly reflects the reader's thought process, becoming more personal with each interaction.

Search tools quietly enhance confidence. Readers know they can always find what they need without frustration. This makes the book useful not only for reading, but also for quick reference and clarification. It becomes something to return to, not something to finish and forget.

Affordability encourages exploration. When access is free or low-cost through legal platforms, readers take more chances. They open books outside their usual interests and follow ideas without fear of wasted effort. This openness often leads to unexpected insights.

Public libraries in digital form play a crucial role. Project Gutenberg, Open Library, and Internet Archive preserve valuable works and make them available to a global audience. Academic platforms extend this access by offering research and analysis that add depth and context.

Using trusted sources matters. Reliable platforms provide accurate content and protect readers from unnecessary risks. Ethical access ensures that authors and institutions continue to share knowledge sustainably.

In professional life, downloadable books function quietly in the background. They are consulted when questions arise, revisited when clarity is needed, and relied upon for reference. Learning integrates into work instead of interrupting it.

Students experience a similar advantage. Study becomes flexible rather than rigid. Difficult sections can be revisited without pressure, and understanding develops gradually. Offline access supports focus when connectivity is limited.

Different reading personalities find comfort here. Some readers prefer structure, others prefer exploration. The format supports both without judgment. *Java Interview Questions And Answers For Freshers* adapts to individual habits rather than enforcing a single approach.

Accessibility features broaden participation. Adjustable text sizes, reading assistance, and compatibility with support tools allow more people to engage comfortably. These options quietly remove barriers without drawing attention to themselves.

Organization becomes intuitive over time. Digital libraries grow alongside interests. Notes remain saved, highlights preserved, and bookmarks easy to find. Learning feels continuous instead of fragmented.

There is also a subtle emotional shift. When readers know a book is always available, anxiety decreases. There is no rush to understand everything at once. Ideas are allowed to settle slowly, becoming clearer with each return.

Global access adds richness. Readers from different backgrounds engage with the same material, often interpreting ideas through unique lenses. This shared access broadens perspective and encourages reflection.

Exploration becomes easier when effort is low. Readers connect ideas across topics, move between subjects, and allow curiosity to guide them. This kind of learning feels organic rather than planned.

Long-term engagement grows quietly. Notes taken months ago still matter. Bookmarks still guide attention. The book becomes part of an ongoing learning process rather than a temporary focus.

Over time, books stop feeling like tasks. They become companions. They wait without demanding attention, ready to be opened again when questions return.

This steady presence shapes attitude. Learning feels less intimidating. Curiosity feels welcome. Understanding feels earned through patience rather than speed.

Accessing *Java Interview Questions And Answers For Freshers* in this way reflects how people actually live. Attention moves, time fragments, interests evolve. The book adapts to these realities instead of resisting them.

There is no clear endpoint here. Reading pauses and resumes. Understanding deepens gradually. Ideas resurface in new contexts.

What remains is familiarity. The comfort of knowing that insight is close, waiting quietly, ready to be explored again whenever curiosity decides to return.

Java Interview Questions and Answers for Freshers: Beyond the Syntax—A Global Lens on Expertise, Evolution, and Economic Resonance Java has long stood as a cornerstone of enterprise software, a language forged in the crucible of industrial necessity and globalized digital transformation. For freshers entering the field, the journey begins not just with syntax mastery but with a deep understanding of the historical, economic, and geopolitical forces that shaped Java's dominance—and continues to influence the trajectory of software development worldwide. This article dissects the foundational interview questions that probe not only technical knowledge but also the cognitive and contextual agility required in a profession defined by rapid change and systemic complexity.

Origins and Evolution: From Farmhack to Global Infrastructure

Java's genesis in 1995 at Sun Microsystems was no accident. It emerged from a strategic pivot in the mid-1990s, when Sun sought to create a platform-independent language that could thrive across heterogeneous computing environments—an urgent need as the internet matured and distributed systems became critical to commerce, governance, and daily life. James Gosling, often called the “father of Java,” led the team with a vision: a “write once, run anywhere” (WORA) language that could bridge the fragmentation of hardware, operating systems, and network protocols. This ambition was rooted in the geopolitical context of the time—post-Cold War globalization, the rise of emerging economies, and the nascent dot-com boom, where interoperability was not just a technical challenge but an economic imperative. Java's adoption was accelerated by the open-sourcing of the Java Community Process (JCP) in 2006, which democratized its evolution. This shift reflected broader trends in software governance: the move from proprietary control to decentralized collaboration, a response to the growing power of open-source ecosystems and the demand for transparency in mission-critical systems. Today, Java powers over 12 million enterprise applications, underpinning banking, telecommunications, healthcare, and government services globally—making it not merely a programming language but a foundational layer of modern digital infrastructure.

The Geopolitical Economy of Java: Why a U.S.-born Language Became a Global Standard

Java's ascent cannot be separated from the geopolitical and economic currents of the late 20th and early 21st centuries. The United States, as the epicenter of Silicon Valley innovation, provided the initial engine: venture capital, academic research, and a culture of disruption that prioritized scalable, portable software. Yet Java's global reach was enabled by structural shifts: the opening of emerging markets in Asia, Latin America, and Eastern Europe, where Java's cross-platform capabilities reduced entry barriers for local developers and enterprises. India, in particular, became a pivotal node—home to a vast pool of skilled Java engineers, a cultural alignment with structured programming, and a growing IT outsourcing sector that turned Java into a de facto standard for global software delivery. This global diffusion was not neutral. It reflected the asymmetry of technological hegemony—where U.S.-developed tools became the lingua franca of global IT, often at the expense of localized innovation. Yet Java's design—open, standardized, and extensible—also provided a counterbalance: it enabled decentralized development, allowing universities, startups, and governments in diverse geopolitical contexts to participate in the digital economy on equitable terms. The language became a vector for economic inclusion, even as its stewardship remained concentrated in a few corporate and institutional actors.

Questions & Answers About java interview questions and answers for freshers

No	Question	Answer
1	What is Java and why is it widely used?	Java is a high-level, class-based, object-oriented programming language designed to have as few implementation dependencies as possible. It is widely used because of its platform independence, robust security features, and large community support.
2	What are the main features of Java?	The main features of Java include platform independence, object-oriented programming, simplicity, security, robustness, multithreading, automatic memory management (garbage collection), and high performance.
3	What is the difference between JDK, JRE, and JVM?	JDK (Java Development Kit) is a package containing tools to develop Java applications. JRE (Java Runtime Environment) provides libraries and JVM to run Java applications. JVM (Java Virtual Machine) is an engine that executes Java bytecode and makes Java platform-independent.
4	What are the access modifiers in Java?	Java has four access modifiers: public, private, protected, and default (no modifier). Public allows access from anywhere, private restricts access to the defining class, protected allows access within the package and subclasses, and default allows access within the same package.
5	What is the difference between an abstract class and an interface?	An abstract class can have both abstract and concrete methods and can have member variables, whereas an interface can only have abstract methods (until Java 8 which allows default and static methods) and final variables. A class can extend only one abstract class but can implement multiple interfaces.
6	What is a constructor in Java?	A constructor is a special method used to initialize objects. It has the same name as the class and does not have a return type. Constructors are called when an object of a class is created.
7	What is the difference between == and equals() in Java?	The '==' operator compares the reference addresses to check if two objects point to the same memory location. The equals() method compares the values or contents of the objects for equality.
8	What are Java Collections Framework classes?	The Java Collections Framework provides a set of classes and interfaces to store and manipulate groups of data as a single unit. Common classes include ArrayList, LinkedList, HashSet, TreeSet, HashMap, and TreeMap.
9	What is exception handling in Java?	Exception handling in Java is a mechanism to handle runtime errors to maintain normal application flow. It uses try, catch, finally blocks, and allows throwing exceptions using the throw keyword.
10	What are the different types of loops in Java?	Java supports three main types of loops: for loop, while loop, and do-while loop. These are used to execute a block of code repeatedly based on a condition.

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